

SAFETY DATA SHEET

TINOVA TRANSPARENT EXTERIOR

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1. Product identifier Product name	: TINOVA TRANSPARENT EXTERIOR
Product name	: TINOVA TRANSPARENT EXTERIOR
1.2. Relevant identified use	s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: High solid coating for exterior use.
1.3. Details of the supplier o	f the safety data sheet
	Akzo Nobel Decorative Coatings, Staffanstorpsvägen 50, 205 17 Malmö, Sverige, Tel. 040 - 35 50 00 Fax. 040 - 35 52 23 Internet: www.nordsjo.se
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: HSE.SE@akzonobel.com
1.4 Emergency telephone nu	umber
Telephone number	: TEL vid olycksfall 112 Giftinformation (dygnet runt).
Version Date of previous issue	7 25-9-2016
SECTION 2: Hazard	s identification
2.1. Classification of the su	

2.1. Classification of the s	ubstance or mixture
Product definition	: Mixture
Classification according Not classified.	to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Ingredients of unknown toxicity	: 0%
Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity	: 0%

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2. Label elements		
Signal word	:	No signal word.
Hazard statements	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	:	P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Response	1	P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage		Not applicable.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, C(M)IT/MIT(3:1), reaction mass of α -3-(3-(2H -benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- ω -hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and α -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- ω -3-(3-(2H -benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene) and IPBC. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	en	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3. Other hazards		
Voluntary label element (CEPE)	:	Contains methylisothiazolone
Other hazards which do	:	None known.

not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

			Classification	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% (w/w)	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
3-butoxypropan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119475527-28 EC: 225-878-4 CAS: 5131-66-8 Index: 603-052-00-8	≤3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
Mixture of alpha-3-(3-(2H- benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl- 4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- omega-hydroxypoly (oxyethylene) and alpha-3-(3- (2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert- butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl-omega-3-(3-(2H- benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-	EC: 400-830-7 Index: 607-176-00-3	<1	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyloxypoly (oxyethylene)				
IPBC	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	<0,25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
Hydrocarbons,C10-C13,n- alkanes,isoalkanes,cyclics, <2%aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 918-481-9	≤0,3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1] [2]
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	<0,05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)	[1]
C(M)IT/MIT(3:1)	CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5	<0,0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the

concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

SECTION 4: First aid measures

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The product is not classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains reaction mass of α -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- ω -hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and α -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- ω -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene), IPBC, 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, C(M)IT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures				
5.1. Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.			
5.2. Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture			
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.			
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.			
5.3. Advice for firefighters				
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.			
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.			

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	:	Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sec and 8.	ctions 7
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of an information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
6.2. Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with lo regulations.	
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for dispose according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a de Avoid using solvents.	sal
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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

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- 6.4. Reference to other sections
- See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour, spray or mist. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed.

No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
₩ydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkane cyclics, < 2% aromatics	 AFS 2005:17 (Sweden). NGV: 50 ppm 8 hours. NGV: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. KTV: 100 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours.
procedures atmosphe effectiven use respir standards atmosphe chemical European applicatio and biolog General re chemical	duct contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace re or biological monitoring may be required to determine the ess of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to atory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring , such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace res - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the n and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical pical agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - equirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the tion of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

No DNELs/DMELs available.

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	÷	Use safety evewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves

: For prolonged or repeated contact use protective gloves. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of skin, they should however not be applied once exposure has occurred. Skin should be washed after contact.

Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended gloves: Viton® or Nitrile

Breakthrough Time: 480 min

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended.

NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.
	OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:
	When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.
	Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.
	Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN143 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)
	The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practice should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.
	Extra precautions will also need to be taken when burning off old lead-based paints because fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above about sanding should be taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.
	Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Not available.
Odour	: Not available.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling	: 100°C
range	
Flash point	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Not available.
Vapour pressure	: Not available.
Vapour density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 🗖,014
Solubility(ies)	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	: Not available.
water	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 11,83 cm ² /s
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
9.2. Other information	

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2. Chemical stability	;	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5. Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The product is not classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains reaction mass of α -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- ω -hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and α -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- ω -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene), IPBC, 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, C(M)IT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-butoxypropan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2700 mg/kg	-
IPBC	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (gases)	350000 ppm
Inhalation (vapours)	1500 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (single exposure)</u>				
Not available.					
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (repeated exposure)</u>				
Not available.					

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
₽BC	Acute EC50 0,022 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0,16 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 67 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	Acute EC50 1,5 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0,4 mg/l	Daphnia - Pseudomonas putia	16 hours
	Acute IC50 0,067 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute LC50 1,3 mg/l	Fish - Ochorhyncus mykiss	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available
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Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
₽BC	-	-	Readily

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
₽BC	2,81	-	low	
2.4. Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.			
Mobility	: Not available.			
2.5. Results of PBT and vPv	B assessment			
РВТ	: Not applicable.			
	P: Not available. E	3: Not available. T: Not avail	able.	
vPvB	: Not applicable.			
	vP: Not available.	vB: Not available.		
2.6. Other adverse effects	: No known significa	ant effects or critical hazards	à.	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product		
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.	be
Hazardous waste	Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 2008/98/EC.	
Disposal considerations	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.	C

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Packaging	
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.

	ADR	IMDG	
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Class	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	
Subsidiary class	-	-	
14.4 Packing group	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	
14.5 Environmental hazards			
Marine pollutant	No.	No.	
Marine pollutant substances		Not available.	
14.6 Special precautions for user	recautions for transport in closed containers that are upright		
HI/Kemler number	Not available.		
Emergency schedules (EmS)		Not applicable.	
14.7 Transport in bulk : Not applicable. according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code			
Additional information	-	-	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

SECTION 15: Regulatory information				
15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or r	nixture			
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)				
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation				
Annex XIV				
None of the components are listed.				
Substances of very high concern				
None of the components are listed, or the component present is below its threshold.				
Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.				
on the manufacture, placing on the market				
and use of certain				
dangerous substances,				
mixtures and articles				
Other EU regulations				
VOC : Not available.				
Europe inventory : At least one component is not listed.				
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)				
Not listed.				
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)				
Not listed.				
Seveso Directive				
This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.				
International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.				
Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E) Not listed.				
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.				
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC) Not listed.				
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals				
Not listed.				
_				
Turkey : At least one component is not listed.				
15.2 Chemical safety : Not applicable. assessment				
SECTION 16: Other information				
CEPE code : 8				
 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version. 				
Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate				
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Reg 1272/2008]	ulation (EC) No.			

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

SECTION 16: Other information

RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Not classified.	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 3, H301	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 3, H311	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 3, H331	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4, H302	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Dam. 1, H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1, H317	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
STOT RE 1, H372	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
	EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Full text of abbreviated R phrases

23/24/25- Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R22- Harmful if swallowed.

R20/22- Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed.

R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R34- Causes burns.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R37- Irritating to respiratory system.

R38- Irritating to skin.

R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.

R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R50- Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]

🔽 - Toxic

C - Corrosive

Xn - Harmful

Xi - Irritant

N - Dangerous for the environment

SECTION 16: Other information

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Notice to reader

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